

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

BY THE GOVERNOR.

Through the goodness of Almighty God, health, peace, prosperity, and security to people and property have been accorded to the people of Wisconsin the past year, and our industries have received abundant rewards. Because of these benefits it is due that we reverently, and with sincere hearts return thanks to Him for His goodness.

Now, therefore, in accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States, I, Jeremiah M. Rusk, Governor of the State of Wisconsin, do hereby appoint:

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1887, as a day of public thanksgiving and praise, and I recommend that on that day the people of this State abstain from their usual vocations, and return thanks for the innumerable blessings bestowed upon them by the Supreme Ruler, and that they remember by substantial benefactions and kindly deeds, the poor and afflicted among them.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the Capitol at Madison, this 27th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

J. M. RUSK.
By the Governor: KENNETH G. TAYLOR, Secretary of State.

THE SECTIONAL QUESTION.

Senator John Sherman delivered an address at Youngstown, Ohio, on Thursday night in which he touched upon the revival of the sectional question by the south. Among other things he said:

Three months ago there was no discussion on the part of the republicans to revive the war issues and stir up animosity between the north and the south. The recent celebration in the south and glorification of Jefferson Davis, with the speech made by Jackson at Mason, have compelled the republicans to face issues that with their consent would never again have been brought to the surface. The bringing of General Gordon into the Ohio canvass was a bad political move on the part of the democratic management.

For years the democrats have been charging the republican party with stirring up sectional strife. And when Mr. Sherman made his Springfield speech last spring, a speech which was very conservative but in which he alluded to the dominance of the south in federal appointments to important offices under the present administration, the democratic and mugwump press charged him with waving the "bloody shirt" and breeding the spirit of hatred between the two sections of the Union. But now when a democratic orator, a true representative of southern democracy, says that "in that triumphal procession Abraham Lincoln shall not move as the rightful president, but Jefferson Davis, the so-called traitor, the leader of the so-called lost cause," there is no democratic representative of the administration in the north to openly charge that such language is stirring up the sectional question.

And again, when the old rebel flag is unfurled in the presence of Jeff Davis the cheers made the walk in, and Davis pronounced his blessing upon it, kissed it and went over it, there is no administration organ to denounce such folly. And when Mr. Cleveland, who is trying to fill the office of president, writes a letter lauding Calhoun in which is the aim which filled the people of Georgia with so much enthusiasm at Mason when Davis kissed the rebel flag, there was no democratic paper in all this land to criticize such a bad political letter.

So while the republican party has been counseling peace between the two sections of the Union and urging the simple justice of an honest vote and a fair count, the democratic party in the south, with the seeming approval of the administration, has been glorifying state sovereignty and wringing over the lost cause. Who, then, is stirring up sectional strife?

GOVERNOR HILL AND THE PRESIDENT.

One of the most astute politicians in the state of New York, is Governor David B. Hill. He is to-day the foremost democrat in that state. He is attracting more attention in the Empire state than any other democratic politician in it. We doubt there has been a democrat in New York, possibly excepting Mr. Tilden, who has so impressed his shrewdness and individuality upon his party to such a remarkable degree, as Governor Hill. He is no hypocrite, and there is no sham about him as there is about Mr. Cleveland. Cleveland professes to be one thing, a reformer for instance, and is a hidebound partisan and a secret enemy of reform. Hill is an every-day democrat, and doesn't believe in reform when that means the giving of offices to republicans. Cleveland never pretends what he preaches and Hill never pretends what he does not practice.

Governor Hill is an ambitious man. There is denying the statement that he is a presidential candidate, not in '92, but in '88; and the democratic leaders in New York, those who are in sympathy with the county democracy and Tammany, are in accord with the ambition of the governor. There are bright prospects that the democratic ticket in that state will be defeated. There is war going on between the democratic factions—war in the state and war in the city, and Governor Hill is engaged in it. It is said by those who claim to know all about it that Hill wants the democratic ticket defeated and is employing some of the still-bait methods of Mr. Tilden to accomplish the defeat. The philosophy of this will soon appear. Hill has always shown himself to be a stronger man in New York than Cleveland. In the campaign of 1882, when there was a Waterloo for the republicans, Hill got several thousand more votes for lieutenant governor than Cleveland did for governor. In 1884, when the rag end of every party in New York fought against Blair, Cleveland's plurality was only 1,047, and the

THEY WEAKEN.

Spies, Schwab and Fielden Ask for Mercy.

THEY SIGN A PETITION TO THE GOVERNOR.

Linger, Engel, Fischer and Parsons Hold Out for "Liberty or Death"—Boiler That They Will Not Sign—Proclamations to Preserve Peace.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Anvost Spies, Samuel Fielden and Michael Schwab signed petitions yesterday afternoon humbly begging the Governor to commute their sentences. It is considered certain that Parsons and the rest of them will sign the petition to-day and those very near to Governor Oglesby confidently assert that the sentence of Parsons, Fielden and Schwab will be commuted to imprisonment for life. Spies, Linger, Engel and Fischer will hang.

Spies, Fielden and Schwab are the only ones who have not written open letters to the Governor that they would not accept a commutation of their sentences and that all efforts in that direction without their sanction. The signatures of Fielden and Schwab were secured during the morning by Captain Black and L. S. Oliver, who visited the prisoners at the jail and had a private conference with the men in the lawyers' cage. All sorts of entreaties were adopted to get Spies to sign the petition, but he resolutely refused to do so, as did also Linger, Engel, Fischer and Parsons.

In the afternoon Dr. Ernest Schmidt, ex-Alderman Stauber, H. Linsmeyer and George H. Schilling reinforced Captain Black and Mr. Oliver, and urged and pleaded with those who had not signed. It was plain to see that the men were not in the mood for the morning conference. He read the petition over several times, occasionally stopping to consider passages which did not suit him. After about an hour he announced his intention to sign a pen was produced and with a flourish his name was appended below those of Fielden and Schwab, who had signed the petition earlier in the day.

The visitors then turned their attention to the four men whose letters refusing Executive clemency have been printed. George Schilling talked long and earnestly with Parsons, but seemed to make no impression upon him. Linger absolutely refused to consider the offer. He said he would frequently confer together, and occasionally smiled at their own stubbornness and the entreaties of their friends. Fischer seemed to be in doubt as to what he should do. At 5 o'clock the party left the jail. They refused to make public the contents of the petition, but acknowledged there was more than one of them. It is understood there were three different petitions submitted, each differently worded. One was signed by Spies, Fielden and Schwab, but none of them suited the other four men. The party promised to call again to-day and renew their applications.

The object of the visits of Messrs. Stauber and Lloyd to see the Anarchists on Wednesday was developed yesterday by the circulation of three different petitions among prominent citizens asking the Governor to save the Anarchists. The first of these petitions includes the names of all the seven men, and was signed during the day by Judge Tukey, Judge Booth, Alderman Martens, Julius Rosenberg and many others. It reads as follows:

"TO HIS EXCELLENCY J. J. OGDEN, GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS: We, the undersigned, citizens of Chicago, and vicinity, holding in abhorrence the doctrines and methods of anarchy, yet believing that the great ends of justice and the safety of the state would be better served by a commutation of the sentence against Spies, Schwab, Fielden, Parsons, Engel, Fischer and Linger than by carrying it into effect, most earnestly and respectfully ask you to exercise your high prerogative of clemency at this time."

A second petition does not contain the names of Spies, Fischer and Linger. It is understood that the first signature obtained to this last petition was that of A. S. Bradley. The last petition has only the names of Fielden and Schwab, and was signed by others who are not. It is the intention of the circulators of these various petitions and also those coming from the Amnesty Association to go to Springfield early next week, possibly on Monday night.

To an old army friend from San Antonio, Tex., who visited him, Parsons said yesterday that he should not ask Executive clemency, as he believed that would be an admission of guilt on his part, and he feared he had committed no crime. He believed the execution would take place, he said, and had no fear. He would die an entirely innocent man.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The police precautions to prevent an outbreak on the day of the execution of the Anarchists on the North side are most elaborate, although every effort has been made to keep them quiet and make as little showing on the surface as possible. Ever since the decision of the Illinois Supreme Court there has been a guard of twelve men, alternating in watches of four, most of the night hours, controlling the streets and alley surrounding the jail, night and day. This outside guard has not been increased at all, and is deemed sufficient at least for the present. There are now twenty-four officers in eight-hour watches doing duty at the jail. An hour after the entry of the inside guard into the jail yesterday the East Chicago avenue patrol wagon drove up to the alley entrance and two large boxes containing guns and ammunition were carried inside. Another wagon-load of guns and ammunition was similarly disposed of at the water-works shortly afterwards, and at 10 o'clock a second wagon-load was taken to the jail. After roll-call at the station eight officers in uniform marched east on Chicago avenue two abreast, and quietly entered the main building of the water-works. Captain Schenck very naturally believes that should there be any organized demonstration of the Anarchists out of jail the threat often expressed of setting fire to the town would be the first plan carried out, and this would include the destruction of the water-works by dynamite.

All the policemen of the city except those out on beats will be held in reserve tonight and day at the station to which they are attached, and will only be allowed to go out for men. This large reserve force is completely equipped with guns and ammunition. An extra number of private watchmen have been employed by well-known citizens to watch their places of business till after November 11.

As Judge Gary's home on Ontario street ample precaution is also taken. Ever since the Anarchists a year ago, a trusty officer has given the judge's residence special surveillance. Since the decision of the Supreme Court two officers maintain the watch. The same protection is extended to the homes of State's Attorney Grinnell and Captain Schenck.

The citizen soldiery are wide awake and are nightly being put through their paces. While as yet they have not received any instructions with reference to the impending executions, still they feel that they must be in readiness to answer promptly. Arms and ammunition have been carefully inspected yesterday, twenty minutes fully 90 per cent of the civic militia of Chicago would be in shape to answer the call to arms.

Business at the different downtown gun stores has not fallen off any within the last few days. Proprietors and clerks who were seen yesterday were very recent when questioned as to the sale of the arms. Several said that sales recently had been rather frequent, mostly to well-to-do looking men. It was learned that several of the big dealers in fire-arms held a secret consultation yesterday morning during the afternoon, at which the topic was the secretion of all weapons in case of trouble.

Chairman Oliver, of the Amnesty Association, requested his patience and was at the good horse yesterday in an unassuming effort to secure a hall for Saturday night's meetings. No owners of places of public resort

sentences can be prevailed upon to rent for even one night for the purpose.

Ex-Secretary of the Treasury William Windom, who arrived in the city yesterday, when asked where he thought in the East of the Supreme Court's decision in the Anarchists' case, said the people had been awaiting the decision with anxiety, and he was sure that the conservative element was well satisfied with it. While the plea for the men was widely expressed, few that he had talked with thought otherwise than that they should be punished.

Ex-Governor F. E. Warren of Wyoming, who for the city's private business said yesterday that the people out there were deeply interested in the Anarchist cases, owing to the trouble which they themselves had with lawlessness during the Rock Falls riot two years ago. They hoped to see the sentence carried out early and swiftly as a warning to turbulence and anarchy.

On Wednesday the *Arbeiter Zeitung*, the organ of the Anarchists, formerly edited by August Spies, contained a brief and a brief announcement of the Supreme Court decision, but yesterday it indulged in a long editorial in which it says:

The request of eight comrades for a writ of error has been refused by the Federal Supreme Court. For 100 years the United States enjoyed the reputation of a free country, a reputation which was the result of the laws created by the fathers of this Republic in good faith and a progressive spirit. They spoke the life of the name of the Republic. The Supreme Court at Washington, the German Imperial Court of Leipzig, and the martial courts of St. Louis stand on the same level. The justice which is being distributed under the auspices of Jay Gould, Vanderbilt, et al. wears not only a handkerchief over his eyes, but also a washcloth over his breast, which reads: "The public be deceived."

The article quotes from Ben Butler's speech where he said that every one of the judges was paid at least \$10,000 a year. It accuses the judges of having been led merely by the desire of setting a horrible example to the working classes to keep them in submission. It warns the judges that who have the wind must reap the whirlwind, and closes:

"Heretofore the working people believed in the existence of justice and equality in this country. The few judges who have dared to open their eyes. Our comrades will seal with their blood the truth that liberty and justice can hardly raise their heads in this country. However dear to us may be the life of our comrades we must give them up, consoled by the hope that this human sacrifice will hasten the day when the masses will learn to understand how they were being fooled and what a humbug has been made of justice."

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 4.—No appeals in behalf of the Anarchists were made to Governor Oglesby yesterday, nor were any of their open letters received. The opinion is expressed that the Governor will grant a public audience to the Anarchist delegation, and permit Attorney-General Atchison and State's Attorney Grinnell to appear and reply to the arguments presented. Public opinion is nearly unanimous in favor of the hanging of all of the condemned men. A few papers in favor of a commutation of Fielden's sentence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The Anarchists of this city are wild over the decision of the United States Supreme Court declining to interfere with the hanging of the Chicago bomb-droppers. Otto Herstein was found at the beer saloon under Herr Moser's premises and said: "We have formed a society composed of our most true and reliable members, even on pain of death to kill 100 men for every one of our society that is killed, and in the event of one of us being struck down, in the attempt to do so, we have sworn to take the place of the man who is killed." Herr Moser said he was not surprised at the result, because the Supreme Court is in the power of the monopolies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—A petition to Governor Oglesby, asking for the commutation of the sentence against the Anarchists to imprisonment, which was in circulation yesterday, has been signed, among others, by Conrad Palmer, Francis B. Thurber, Rev. C. H. Eaton, Monro D. Conway, R. G. Ingersoll, Thomas Davidson and James Redpath. Several Episcopal clergymen belonging to the society of clergymen for the advancement of the interests of labor met yesterday morning at Calvary Church. Rev. Father Huntington read a copy of a letter that he had written to Governor Oglesby asking for clemency, and he then asked that a petition to Governor Oglesby be drafted and circulated among Episcopal clergymen for their signatures asking for clemency. The motion was adopted.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—Minister Molani, in acknowledging the receipt of the letter from M. Barodet, President of the Deputies of the Extreme Left, to Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, praying for clemency for the condemned Anarchists, says:

"I have already informed you that the death penalty in America is limited to crimes against the common law. It is never imposed for political offenses, and while I feel that it is necessary to point to this distinction, I unfortunately say that I am interested in any step to save lives for the sake of the Governor calling attention to your dispatch."

A Great Day for Nebraska City. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Nov. 4.—Yesterday was a great day for Nebraska City. The occasion being the laying of the cornerstone of the west abutment of the \$1,000,000 Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad bridge and the testing of the \$200,000 system of waterworks. The J. Springer Monitor was the orator of the day. Ten thousand strangers were in the city, which was gaily decorated with flags and bunting.

Yellow Fever Substituting. WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Surgeon-General Hamilton received a telegram yesterday from Dr. Porter at Tampa, saying that the yellow fever at Tampa is dying, owing to the prevalence of a "norther" for several days, and that he thinks the backbone of the epidemic is now broken. There were seven new cases and three deaths since last report.

At prices which no other house in the city dare compete with without loss.

Chamber Suite from \$25.00 up to \$200.00
4 Drawer Bureau with German plate \$22.50
4 Drawer Bureau, no toilet - 5.00
3 Drawer Wash, 24 inches - 8.00
All Walnut Extension Table per foot - 8.00
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Center Tables, Book Cases, PARLOR SUITES & LOUNGES, Etc., at

BOTTOM - PRICES !

As a special bargain we will sell

DOUBLE WOVEN WIRE SPRINGS

For the very low price of

\$2.25

Until further notice.

Factory and Salesroom on the Race

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For Sale

An Excellent Farm. Call on address Angie King, No. 8, West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government, Engineers, Architects, and all who value the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Baking Powder is the only one that is not contaminated with alumina. It is sold only in cans. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK CHICAGO ST. LOUIS

Most Perfect Made

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THE BADGER!

Is recognized as the

Best Cooking Stove

And is now being used by more than THREE HUNDRED families in Rock county. It has no equal. The

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As a Heating Stove has no Superior.

It is Economical and Ornamental.

And never fails to keep the family warm. We have the

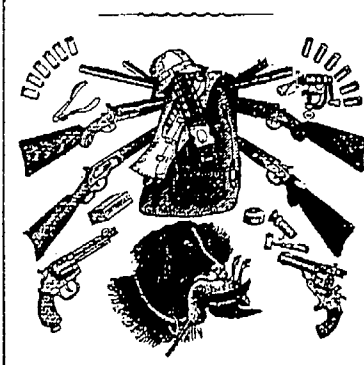
Largest and Most Complete Stock of Stoves & Hardware

In Southern Wisconsin. Call and examine stock and get prices.

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West Milwaukee Street, Janesville.

Gunsmith.



RE-BORING GUNS!

For close pattern and hard penetration. A specialty. Best of reference from all parts of the country.

All Kinds of Repairing

ON SHORT NOTICE.

Ammunition - and - Sporting - Goods

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Saws Filed

And put in order. Call and see me at No. 12 Corn Exchange Square.

F. P. STANNARD,

Janesville, Wis.

KNEFF, ALLEN & CO.

THE TAILORS,

HATTERS

And Furnishers.

We are this fall making a specialty on

Underwear

Have the largest and best assortment ever shown in the city—bar none—and are selling it from 50c a suit upwards.

ARABIAN FLEECE.

CAMELS HAIR.

ENGLISH BALBRIGGAN.

EGYPTIAN COTTON, and

SWITS CONDEE.

Think can save you money and give you what you want at

KNEFF, ALLEN & CO'S.

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GEO. K. COLLING & CO.

ARE NOW PREPARED TO DO

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

We keep in stock a full line of

GAS FIXTURES AND GAS STOVES

And all the latest improved GAS BURNERS; Also

All Styles of Pumps!

And everything pertaining thereto.

Will Run Water Service, Sewer and Soil Pipe.

All work entrusted to our care will be done in a workmanlike manner.

MONEY LOST!

BY BUYING

STOVES!

Before seeing the celebrated

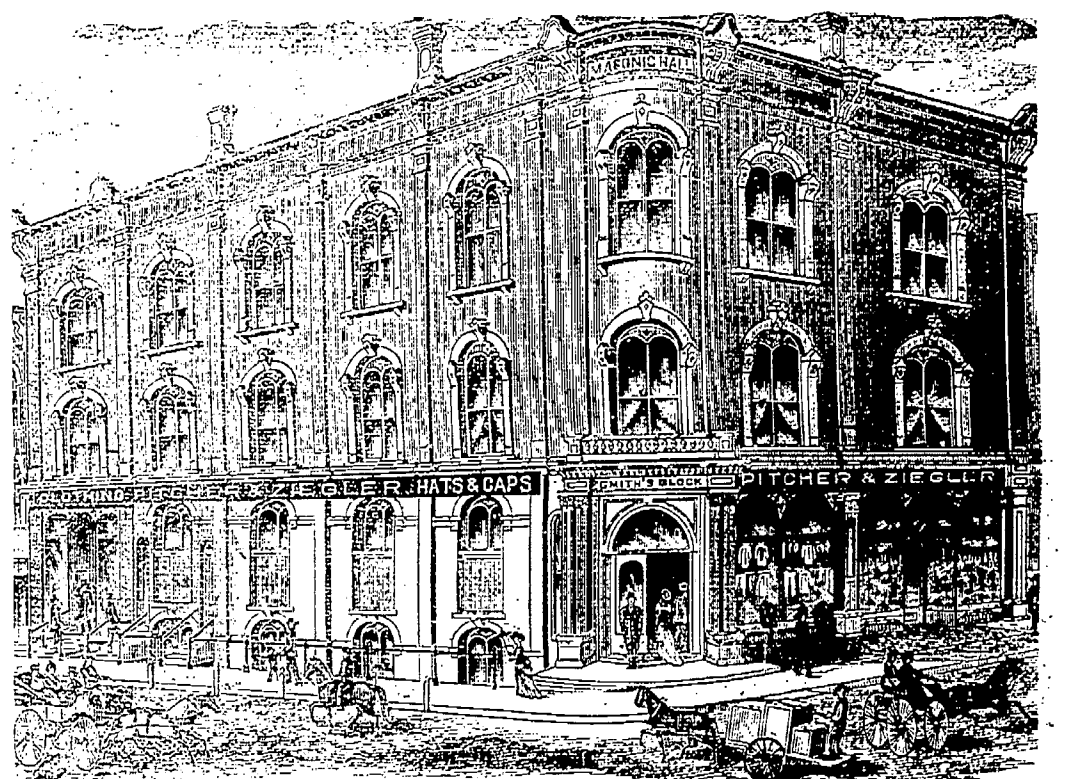
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Base Burner, for either Coal or Wood, with all latest improvements also a full line of Coal and Wood Cooks. We have a few Stoves slightly damaged by water, which we are closing out regardless of cost.

Come and see us. 23 Main Street.

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Geneva Non-Magnetic Watch.

Accurately adjusted to Temperature and position

Fine and Complicated Watches.

The Finest Time-Keepers ever Offered to the People and Especially adapted to Railroad use

This Watch is uninfluenced by Magnetism or Electricity and no Shield required. Call on

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OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

And he will show you a full and complete stock of the new Non-Magnetic Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases

We are daily receiving our Fall Stock of all the new and nobby goods; in fact everything you can find in a First-Class City Jewelry Store. Don't fail to look at our Stock and Low Prices.

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